Topic 2: Earth

What's the science story?

In this module you will find out about what is beneath your feet and above your head. You will discover that the Earth has not always been the same and continues to change, some parts more quickly than others. Some of these changes have been caused by humans and will have a terrible impact on your children's lives unless drastic action is taken.



Previous knowledge:

- Year 3: compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties
- describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock
- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter

Next steps...

KS4

5.9.1 composition and evolution of Earth's atmosphere

5.9.2 carbon dioxide and methane as greenhouse gases

5.10.1 using the Earth's resources

5.10.2.2 ways of reducing the use of resources



Keywords

	Nitrogen		
Crust	Oxy <mark>g</mark> en		
Continental	Arg <mark>on</mark>		
Oceanic	Carbon d <mark>io</mark> xide		
Basalt	methane		
granite	Grain		
Mantle	Mineral		
Core	Porous		
Atmosphere	Igneous		

Magma
Lava
Extrusive
Intrusive
Transport
Deposit
Sediment
Sedimentation
Compaction

Cementation
Sedimentary
Fossil
Metamorphic
pressure
Resources
Population
Deforestation

Sustainable

Pollution
Industrial
Climate change
Greenhouse effect
Radiation
Fossil fuels
Combustion
recycling







Lesson No. and Title	Learning objectives	National Curriculum	Working scientifically skills	Practical equipment
1. What's the Earth made of?	ARE - Describe properties of the different layers of the Earth's structure AGD - Compare the different layers of the Earth in terms of their properties	 the composition of the Earth the structure of the Earth 	REPARE	
2. The Rock Cycle	ARE - Explain how, sedimentary, igneous and metamorphic rocks formed AGD - Explain two properties of rocks by linking them to the rock structure and formation	the rock cycle and the formation of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks	ARSE	Salol, hot water bath, cold glass slides, pipettes
3. Modelling the rock cycle	ARE - Use the rock cycle to explain how the material in rocks is recycled AGD - Discuss examples of rocks that illustrate the different methods of formation of igneous and metamorphic rocks	the rock cycle and the formation of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks	REMEMB!	10 x 10cm Tin foil, dark, milk and white chocolate, stopwatch, butter knife (or grater), kettle, beaker

KS3	- Y	eai	r 9

4. Recycling	ARE - Analyse the advantages and disadvantages of recycling AGD - Use data to discuss the relative benefits and drawbacks of recycling materials	Earth as a source of limited resources and the efficacy of recycling	REPARE	
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		Assessment 2: Recyclin	ng	
5. The atmosphere	ARE - Explain why the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere did not change for many years AGD - Use equations to explain processes that exchange carbon dioxide to and from the atmosphere	• the composition of the atmosphere	ARSE 300 PEMEMBI	Borosilicate glass tube, copper turnings, 2x gas syringes
6. Global warming	ARE - Explain why global warming happens AGD - Discuss in detail the impacts of global warming, identifying primary and secondary problems	the production of carbon dioxide by human activity and the impact on climate	APPLY	ipads





Assessment No. & Title	Working Towards	Age Related Expectations	At Greater Depth
n/a	Name the layers of the Earth.	Describe properties of the different layers of the Earth's structure	Compare the different layers of the Earth in terms of their properties
n/a	Name the main components of the atmosphere	Explain why the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere did not change for many years	Explain changes in the levels of carbon dioxide using stages of the carbon cycle
1. Rock types	State a property of sedimentary rocks	Explain how sedimentary rocks are made	Explain two properties of sedimentary rocks by linking them to the rock structure and formation
	State one difference between igneous and metamorphic rocks	Explain how igneous and metamorphic rocks form	Discuss examples of rocks that illustrate the different methods of formation of igneous and metamorphic rocks
2. Recycling	Give one advantage and one disadvantage of recycling	Analyse the advantages and disadvantages of recycling	Use data to discuss the relative benefits and drawbacks of recycling materials
n/a	State a cause and one impact of global warming		Discuss in detail the impacts of global
	State the changes in levels of carbon dioxide over time.	Explain why global warming happens	warming, identifying primary and secondary problems

