Topic 6 - Static Electricity





	REPARE			
Lesson No. and Title	Learning objectives	National Curriculum	Working scientifically skills	Practical equipment
1. Electricity Recap	ARE – To describe the key features in a given circuit. AGD – To compare series and parallel circuits.	This lesson could take longer depending upon knowledge of class = if students are struggling – see year 7 Electricity topic.		
2. The atom	ARE – To describe the structure of an atom. AGD – To explain the differences between a range of atoms.	ECT		
3. Static electricity	ARE – To state what static electricity is. AGD – To explain how static electricity is produced.	• separation of positive or negative charges when objects are rubbed together: transfer of electrons, forces between charged objects	ARSE REMEMB APPLY,	PRAC: Static circus x6 stations 1. Magic pepper – salt, pepper, comb, wool cloth 2. Bendy water - PVC pipe, cloth 3. Rolling can - PVC pipe, cloth, empty drinks can 4. Double bubble – bubble solution, straw, cloth, polycarbonate sheet, PVC pipe 5. Hair raising – Balloons, mirror 6. The levitating spell – PCV pipe, plastic bags cut into 15cm square pieces

ERFORM

KS3 – Year 9							
4. The Van de Graaff generator	ARE – To describe how the Van de Graaff works. AGD – To explain in detail how the Van de Graaff works.	 separation of positive or negative charges when objects are rubbed together: transfer of electrons, forces between charged objects 	DFDADF	DEMO: Van de Graaff generator plus accessories.			
5. Examples of static	ARE – To describe one way in which static is used. AGD – To explain the ways static electricity is used.	 separation of positive or negative charges when objects are rubbed together: transfer of electrons, forces between charged objects 					
Assessment 1: Static and the Van de Graaff							
6. Dangers of static	ARE – To describe the possible dangers of static electricity. AGD – To explain how the dangers of static can be reduced.	 separation of positive or negative charges when objects are rubbed together: transfer of electrons, forces between charged objects 	ARSE	-			
7. All about thunderstorms!	ARE – To describe what happens during a thunderstorm. AGD – To explain in detail how lightning forms.	ACTISE	REMEMB	ĘR			
			APPLY,				
			ERFORM	NZ			





QUESTION

Assessment No. &	Working Towards	Age Related Expectations	At Greater Depth
1. Static electricity	Describe how electrons can be transferred. State what happens when using the Van der Graff generator.	Explain how an object can become statically charged. Describe how the Van der Graff generator works.	Explain in detail how the Van der Graff generator works using the terms electrons.
n/a	Give examples of static electricity.	Apply static to explain an example.	Apply the idea of electric field and forces acting across the space between objects not in contact.

